Official General Election Ballot, November 3, 2020 Monroe County, Florida

- Instructions: To vote, fill in the oval completely next to your choice. Use only the marking device provided or a black or blue pen.

If you make a mistake, ask for a new ballot. Do not cross out or your vote may not count.

To vote for a write-in candidate, fill in the oval and print the name clearly on the blank line provided for the write-in candidate.

President and Vice President (Vote for 1)		County Commissioner District 5	No. 1 Constitutional Amendment Article VI, Section 2
Description 1		(Vote for 1)	Citizenship Requirement to Vote in Florida Elections
Onald J. Trump Michael R. Pence	REP	○ Michael P. Forster REP	
Joseph R. Biden Kamala D. Harris	DEM	Jose Peixoto NPA Justice of the Supreme Court	This amendment provides that only United States Citizens who are at least eighteen years of age, a permanent resident of
Jo Jorgensen Jeremy "Spike" Cohen	LPF	Shall Justice Carlos G. Muñiz of the Supreme Court be retained in office?	Florida, and registered to vote, as provided by law, shall be qualified to vote in a Florida election.
Roque "Rocky" De La Fuente Darcy G. Richardson	REF	○ Yes ○ No	Because the proposed amendment is not expected to result in any changes to the
Gloria La Riva Sunil Freeman	PSL	District Court of Appeal	voter registration process in Florida, it will have no impact on state or local government costs or revenue. Further, it will have no
Howie Hawkins Angela Nicole Walker	GRE	Shall Judge Monica Gordo of the 3 rd District Court of Appeal be retained in office?	effect on the state's economy. Yes
Don Blankenship William Mohr	CPF	○ Yes ○ No	No. 2 Constitutional Amendment
○ Write-in		Shall Judge Eric William Hendon of the 3rd District Court of Appeal be retained in office?	Article X, Section 24 Raising Florida's Minimum Wage
		○ Yes	Raises minimum wage to \$10.00 per hour
Representative in Congress		○ No	effective September 30th, 2021. Each September 30th thereafter, minimum wage
District 26 (Vote for 1)		Shall Judge Fleur Jeannine Lobree of the 3 rd District Court of Appeal be retained in office?	shall increase by \$1.00 per hour until the minimum wage reaches \$15.00 per hour on September 30th, 2026. From that point
Carlos Gimenez	REP	○ Yes	forward, future minimum wage increases shall revert to being adjusted annually for
O Debbie Mucarsel-Powell	DEM	○ No	inflation starting September 30th, 2027.
State Attorney 16th Judicial Circuit (Vote for 1)	<	Shall Judge Thomas Logue of the 3 rd District Court of Appeal be retained in office? Yes	State and local government costs will increase to comply with the new minimum wage levels. Additional annual wage costs will be approximately \$16 million in 2022,
O Dennis W. Ward	REP	○ No	increasing to about \$540 million in 2027 and
O Donald C. Barrett State Senator District 39 (Vote for 1)	DEM	Shell Judge Bronwyn Catherine Miller of the 3rd District Court of Appeal be retained in office?	thereafter. Government actions to mitigate these costs are unlikely to produce material savings. Other government costs and revenue impacts, both positive and negative, are not quantifiable.
O A CARD DIA N		○ Yes	THIS PROPOSED CONSTITUTIONAL
Ana Maria Rodriguez Javier E. Fernandez	REP DEM	No Key Largo Fire & Emergency Medical Board Seat 5	AMENDMENT IS ESTIMATED TO HAVE A NET NEGATIVE IMPACT ON THE STATE BUDGET. THIS IMPACT MAY RESULT IN
Celso D. Alfonso State Representative	NPA	(Vote for 1)	HIGHER TAXES OR A LOSS OF GOVERNMENT SERVICES IN ORDER TO MAINTAIN A BALANCED STATE BUDGET
District 120 (Vote for 1)		O Daniel G. Powers	AS REQUIRED BY THE CONSTITUTION.
		Ronald Spodnik	
James "Jim" Vernon Mooney Jr	REP		○ Yes
Clint Barras	DEM		○ No
County Commissioner District 1 (Vote for 1)			
Craig Cates	REP		
Annalise Mannix County Commissioner District 3 (Vote for 1)	DEM		
C Eddie Martinez	REP		
Heather Carruthers	DEM		

29.00-KL Civic Club - Style 6 - ID 1070

No. 3 Constitutional Amendment Article VI. Section 5

All Voters Vote in Primary Elections for State Legislature, Governor, and Cabinet

Allows all registered voters to vote in primaries for state legislature, governor, and cabinet regardless of political party affiliation. All candidates for an office, including party nominated candidates, appear on the same primary ballot. Two highest vote getters advance to general election. If only two candidates qualify, no primary is held and winner is determined in general election. Candidate's party affiliation may appear on ballot as provided by law. Effective January 1, 2024.

It is probable that the proposed amendment will result in additional local government costs to conduct elections in Florida. The Financial Impact Estimating Conference projects that the combined costs across counties will range from \$5.2 million to \$5.8 million for each of the first three election cycles occurring in even-numbered years after the amendment's effective date, with the costs for each of the intervening years dropping to less than \$450,000. With respect to state costs for oversight, the additional costs for administering elections are expected to be minimal. Further, there are no revenues linked to voting in Florida. Since there is no impact on state costs or revenues, there will be no impact on the state's budget. While the proposed amendment will result in an increase in local expenditures, this change is expected to be below the threshold that would produce a statewide economic impact.

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No. 4 Constitutional Amendment Article XI. Sections 5 and 7

Voter Approval of Constitutional Amendments

Requires all proposed amendments or revisions to the state constitution to be approved by the voters in two elections, instead of one, in order to take effect. The proposal applies the current thresholds for passage to each of the two elections.

It is probable that the proposed amendment will result in additional state and local government costs to conduct elections in Florida. Overall, these costs will vary from election cycle to election cycle depending on the unique circumstances of each ballot and cannot be estimated at this time. The key factors determining cost include the number of amendments appearing for the second time on each ballot and the length of those amendments. Since the maximum state cost is likely less than \$1 million per cycle but the impact cannot be discretely quantified, the change to the state's budget is unknown. Similarly, the economic impact cannot be modelled, although the spending increase is expected to be below the threshold that would produce a statewide economic impact. Because there are no revenues linked to voting in Florida, there will be no impact on government taxes or fees.

THE FINANCIAL IMPACT OF THIS AMENDMENT CANNOT BE DETERMINED DUE TO AMBIGUITIES AND UNCERTAINTIES SURROUNDING THE AMENDMENT'S IMPACT.

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○ No

No. 5 Constitutional Amendment Article VII, Section 4 and Article XII

Limitations on Homestead Property Tax Assessments; increased portability period to transfer accrued

Proposing an amendment to the State Constitution, effective January 1, 2021, to increase, from 2 years to 3 years, the period of time during which accrued Save-Our-Homes benefits may be transferred from a prior homestead to a new homestead.

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○ No

No. 6 Constitutional Amendment Article VII, Section 6 and Article XII

Ad Valorem Tax Discount for Spouses of Certain Deceased Veterans Who Had Permanent, Combat-Related Disabilities

Provides that the homestead property tax discount for certain veterans with permanent combat-related disabilities carries over to such veteran's surviving spouse who holds legal or beneficial title to, and who permanently resides on, the homestead property, until he or she remarries or sells or otherwise disposes of the property. The discount may be transferred to a new homestead property of the surviving spouse under certain conditions. The amendment takes effect January 1, 2021.

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Vote Both Sides of Page